



The opening of the workshop by CEP



The workshop was held on 11th of February 2020 in Dushanbe (Tajikistan) to conduct the country consultation for CACIP to discuss with national stakeholders "Farmers' access to

**CACIP** products". The

O&A with Enrico Bonaiuti



event was jointly hosted by the State Committee on Environmental Protection (CEP) of Tajikistan and Project Implementation Group under CEP; and overall there were 26 participants

In the second part of the workshop, in 3 groups participants discussed the following:

Needs of farmers for data and best practices (based on previous consultations held with farmers in Tajikistan), and list of factors limiting their access to the Platform.

Ways to provide farmers with data and best practices in collaboration with CACIP. Group work discussions



Find more in News: "Inson va Tabiat" CEP in Tajik and Russian. The Regional Program for Sustainable Agricultural Development in Central Asia and Caucasus in English and Russian. Printed journal Inson va Tabiat N 4-5, (105) February 2020. page 9.

The technical team is working on developing and launching Demo version of CACIP.

All web sites go through several stages of development:

Alpha, Beta and Full version.

# **Alpha**

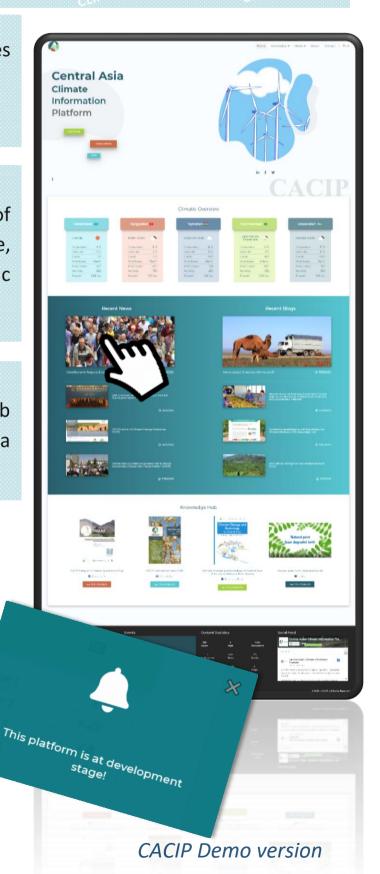
The first stage of a very early version of a web site is Alpha testing. At this stage, the first appearance and some static pages of the web site is launched.

## Beta

Beta version, is next level of the web site, where tested features in Alpha version is reflected.

Both versions Alpha and Beta will contain selected features that are planned for the final version.

The further development of the web site will be built on these versions, and the succession of the static pages can be observed over the development period.





**OPINION PIECE FROM INTERNATIONAL EXPERT** 

By Dr. Chandrashekhar Biradar, ICARDA Visit ORCID Profile

WHEN WE THINK about environmental degradation and climate change, the first thing come to our mind are cars and factories, but not the food we eat, clothes we wear and our lifestyle. If we collectively put these things together accounts nearly half of the contribution. The environmental impact of these unsustainable agricultural practices varies from the way we grow food, forage, fiber, consume and dispose. Just look at the drastic shift in diet pattern in the last three decades which reduced to merely few staple crops and industrial meat itself has significant impact on the climate and future food, water, nutrition and planetary health. This calls for pressing needs for revitalizing the predominantly 'homogenous agriculture' to 'diversified agroecosystems' to ensure health of the people, animals, soil and the beautiful landscapes.

Image below example of integrated agroecosystem showing multi-storey cropping system to better harness sunlight, nutrient cycle and overall system efficiency.



### Agroecosystems of the sustainable future

Agroecosystems with rich-crop diversity in symbiotic mixture in systemic rotation is key for establishing vital agroecosystem that nurtures every living creature while producing abundance of food, forage, fiber and ecosystem services.

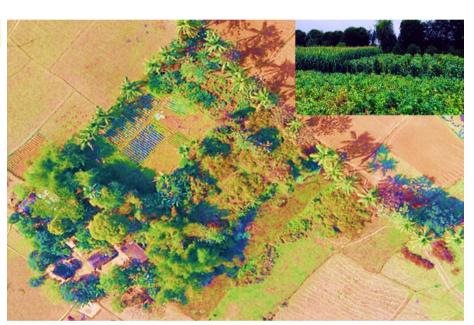
### Potential in the nutshell

The real potential of combating climate change relies in revitalizing agroecosystems which is economically viable and ecologically sustainable with diversified crops, varieties, trees and livestock to produce vital food, forage, fiber and preserve soil health and ecosystem functions and services.

AN **IDEAL AGROECOSYSTEM** is always 'inclusively functioning system' integrated with multiple-crops, multipurpose trees species and bio-pulverizing livestock to produce vital-food, real-forage, natural-fiber and simultaneously preserving health of living soils and restoring ecosystem functions. This collective action of the feedback mechanism leads to restoring planetary health boundary and combating climate change. This certainly require quantifying functional domains that are fit for ecologically sound production and consumerism become essential entry point for any sustainable developmental goals whether it is choice of crops, varieties, diversification, efficient feedback loops (use of farm inputs) for achieving economically viable and ecologically sustainable.

# **GOOD THING IS THAT.**

we still have hope to reserve the trend with recent advances in technological innovations. effectively engaging citizen science with technology can create an environment enabling for integrating ideal mixture of local knowledge with global intelligence making digital augmentation for sustainable production consumption much viable, smarter, interoperable and scalable ever before. This has opened tremendous opportunity address the gaps at multiple levels (e.g., data, yield, nutrition, ecology,



Diversified farming systems with right combination of crops, trees and livestock is the future of sustainable living and planetary health

economy, resilience) for demand-driven ecological interventions across the scale (e.g., space, time and package). Ongoing efforts in demand driven interventions aims at accelerating sustainable agroecosystems through quantifying functional domains and drivers to target site specific interventions and calls for collective actions for scaling to mainstream agriculture production and consumption that contributes significantly. This clearly defines the prospects and potential role of inclusive agroecosystems in combating climate change supported by paradigm shift in diet pattern, lifestyle and accelerating across agroecological landscapes.



<u>Dr. Chandra Shekhar Biradar</u> is a Principal Scientist and Head of the Geoinformatics and Data Management Units at ICARDA with focus on GeoAgro, Big Data and ICTs for complex system research and resilient agroecosystems.

Before joining ICARDA in 2013, he was professor and researcher at the University of Oklahoma in Norman (USA), where he worked on a number of federally-funded projects. Biradar received his Ph.D. in remote sensing and environmental sciences from the University of Pune, India, and post-doctoral fellowship at the Institute for the Study of Earth, Ocean and Space at the University of New Hampshire, USA. He also earned a

master's degree in genetic engineering from the University of Horticulture and Forestry in Solan, India. His current research focus on digital augmentation for revitalizing sustainable agroecosystems for improving food, nutritional and ecological security. Dr. Biradar has authored over 200 publications, including 125+ peer reviewed journal articles, 25 books/book chapters. He has received numerous awards and honors, including Best Team Initiative, Young Scientist, and Outstanding Scientist Awards.

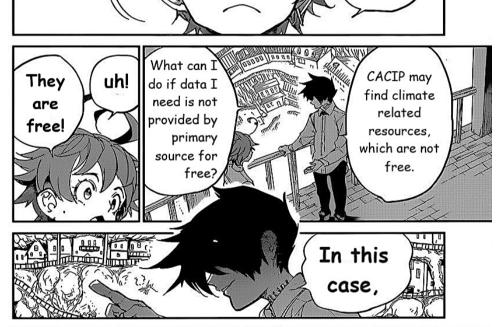




More questions addressed in FAQ document

Acknowledgement:
Based on motives of
Japanese manga "The
promised Neverland" the
4th bestselling manga in
2019.

Photo credits: 100rd.com & Mangaeden.com



It redirects

the users to

the original

source for

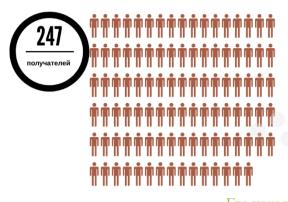


All efforts are to make CACIP as open as possible. The Knowledge Hub gives all users the full permissions to find, download, and visualize (if available) open products.

YOU'RE RIGHT

Is using CACIP

free?





CACIP Newsletter Issue 2







t.me/central asian climate platform

https://www.linkedin.com/groups/13804516/



https://www.facebook.com/groups/CACIP/



https://fb.me/centralasiaclimateinformationplatform









AUTHOR:

Kanoatkhon Umurzokova

### **CO-AUTHORS:**

Chandrashekhar Biradar, Akmal Akramkhanov, Enrico Bonaiuti

### SUGGESTED CITATION

Kanoatkhon Umurzokova, Chandrashekhar Biradar, Akmal Akramkhanov, Enrico Bonaiuti (18/03/2020). CACIP Platform - Newsletter Issue 3, March 2020. International Center for Agricultural Research in Dry Areas (ICARDA): Beirut, Lebanon.

#### **DISCLAIMER**



This document is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. To view a copy of this license, visit <a href="http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/">http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/</a>.

Unless otherwise noted, you are free to copy, duplicate, or reproduce and distribute, display, or transmit any part of this publication or portions thereof without permission and to make translations, adaptations, or other derivative works under the following conditions:

ATTRIBUTION. The work must be attributed, but not in any way that suggests endorsement by the publisher or the author(s)

SHARE ALIKE. If this work is altered, transformed, or built upon, the resulting work must be distributed only under the same or similar license to this one.

Links to used images and photos:

- 1. Pointing hand cursor
- 2. ICARDA Science for Resilient Livelihoods in Dry photostream Chickpea
- 3. Piktochart
- 4. C. Biradar, Integrated agroecosystem showing multi-storey cropping system to better harness sunlight, nutrient cycle and overall system efficiency, taken on 8/8/2019
- 5. C. Biradar, Integrated agroecosystem showing multi-storey cropping system to better harness sunlight, nutrient cycle and overall system efficiency, taken on 24/09/2018
- 6. C. Biradar, Diversified farming systems with right combination of crops, trees and livestock is the future of sustainable living and planetary health, taken on 24/09/2018
- 7. Icon <u>"Sound wave"</u> made by Pixel perfect from <u>www.flaticon.com</u>
- 8. Icon "Wave" made by Pixel perfect from www.flaticon.com
- 9. Promised Neverland <u>100rd.com</u>
- 10. Promised Neverland Mangaeden.com
- 11. Flag\_of\_Tajikistan
- 12. "Boy with watering can" is taken from Facebook page of Doha Art group







