

Implementation report on "Women linked innovation for value chains"

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Total 3 women Self Help Groups (SHGs) were formed in the study Location of Rajasthan. The brief description which are following:

- In Village: Govindpura, Block: Osian, District: Jodhpur, Name of SHG: "Laxmi Self Help Group"Date of Group Formation: Total no. of women members – 10, saving amount: 50 Rs. per member.
- In Village: Dhirasar, Block: Choutan
 District: Barmer, Name of SHG: "Mahadev Self Help Group", Group Formation: Total
 no. of women members 12, Saving amount: 50 Rs. per member
- Recently In Village: Damodara, Block: Jaisalmer, District: Jaisalmer, Name of SHG: "Ramdev Baba Self Help Group", Date of Group Formation: 4/06/2015, Total no. of
 - women members 10, saving amount: 50 Rs. per member.
- Every Month self-help group meeting was conducted for depositing the saving amount and proper recording By ICRISAT Scientific officer (Lady Staff) and Scientist and Gravis representatives.
- General discussions with SHG women members



about agriculture, animal husbandry and their livelihood and educate their children and their problems and solutions is always discussed during the monthly meetings.

Total two Weighing machine provided to women SHGs at Study location of Jodhpur

and Barmer for Rational use of weighing machine for weighing of goat and sheep (Small ruminants), For proper operationalization by women farmers and for Proper recording of weighing of goat/or sheep through weighing machine so the farmers get fair prices of small ruminants.





 Two Sirohi breed of male buck has provided to women SHGs at Study location of Jodhpur and Barmer for significant use of improved breed of goat with fare prices and also improved the market situations of male buck and meat which has a huge demand.



The CGIAR Research Program on Dryland Systems aims to improve the lives of 1.6 billion people and mitigate land and resource degradation in 3 billion hectares covering the world's dry areas.

Dryland Systems engages in integrated agricultural systems research to address key socioeconomic and biophysical constraints that affect food security, equitable and sustainable land and natural resource management, and the livelihoods of poor and marginalized dryland communities. The program unifies eight CGIAR Centers and uses unique partnership platforms to bind together scientific research results with the skills and capacities of national agricultural research systems (NARS), advanced research institutes (ARIs), non-governmental and civil society organizations, the private sector, and other actors to test and develop practical innovative solutions for rural dryland communities.

The program is led by the International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA), a member of the CGIAR Consortium. CGIAR is a global agriculture research partnership for a food secure future.

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