

Capacity Development Report

Promoting cactus (*Opuntia ficus-indica*) as drought resilient feed resource under different agroecological production systems across India February 15 to 18 2020

Prepared by: Sawsan Hassan (ICARDA - Jordan) and Mounir Louhaichi (ICARDA – Tunisia)

Co-authors/contributors/collaborators: Anandkumar Naorem (CAZRI – Bhuj), Sachin Patel (CAZRI – Bhuj), and Meera Vaishnav (CAZRI – Bhuj)







research program on Livestock





ICAR - ICARDA - Capacity Development

Field Day Report

Activity title: Promoting cactus (*Opuntia ficus-indica*) as drought resilient feed resource under different agro-ecological production systems across India. Project 3: sub project 2

Action site: Bhuj, Gujarat (India)

Sub-activity: Introduction of Cactus (Opuntia ficus-indica) as a multi-purpose

Source of funding: ICAR – W3/Bilateral

REF team leader: Dr. Mounir Louhaichi

CAZRI focal point: Dr. Devi Dayal

Key national partner: Central Arid Zone Research Institute (CAZRI), Regional Research Station Kukma, Bhuj, Gujarat

Objective: Increase cactus awareness, dissemination and adoption for improved drought resilience, and to enhance capacity building of all partners

Target audience: Smallholder farmers, livestock keepers and extension agents

Activity mapped to CRP: CGIAR Research Program on Livestock

Lead Center: International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA)

Flagship: Feeds and Forages









Field day agenda

Date: 17 February 2020 Location: Hatdi Village, Taluka: Mundra (Kachch), State: Gujarat 10.30 AM- 10.35 AM Introduction of Programme Ms. Meera Vaishnav, JRF-CAZRI, Bhuj 10.35 AM-10.45 AM Plant Watering Ceremony Dr. Devi Dayal, Head-CAZRI, Bhuj Dr. Sawsan Hassan, Scientist-ICARDA Mr. Veerji Bhai, Farmers' representative, Hatdi (Mundra) 10.45 AM-10.50 AM Welcome Address Mr. M.SureshKumar, Scientist-CAZRI, Bhuj 10.50 AM-11.10 AM Importance of Cactus Dr. Devi Dayal 11.10 AM-11.20 AM Cactus Feeding Practices Video Video played by Dr. Sitaram Jat, Lab Incharge-CAZRI, Bhuj 11.20 AM-11.30 AM Package of Practice for Cactus Mr. Sachin Patel. PA-CAZRI, Bhuj 11.30 AM-11.40 AM Cactus as Intercrop in Horticulture Dr. Ram Niwas-KVK-CAZRI, Bhuj 11.40 AM-12.00 PM Farmers' Experience on Cactus Cultivation Mr. Veerji Bhai Mr. Pappu Bhai 12.00 PM-12.10 PM International Scientist Review on Cactus Dr. Sawsan Hassan, Scientist-ICARDA 12.10 PM-12.20 PM Open discussion 12.20 PM- 12.30 PM Vote of thanks Dr. Anand Kumar Naorem 12.30 PM-12.50 PM Cactus field visit

12.50 PM onwards Lunch for participants







Minutes

The field day at Hatdi village, Mundra Taluka was organized on Monday 17 February 2020 by scientists from the Regional Research Station, Kukma-Bhuj, Gujarat, ICAR-CAZRI, Dr. Dr. Devi Dayal, Mr. M.Suresh Kumar, Dr. Anand Kumar Naorem, Dr. Ram Niwas, Dr. Sitaram Jat, Mr. Sachin Patel, Ms. Meera Vaishnav and and Scientist from the International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA) Dr. Sawsan Hassan. During this event more than 115 participants from different stakeholders (extension representative and office of agriculture and local NGOs were present), among these, 70% were females. The program started with the opening speech from Mr. M. Sureshkumar, Head RRS-Bhuj who welcomed the farmers then Dr. Devi Dayal, Former Head (ICAR-Central Arid Zone Research Institute "CAZRI", Bhuj) elaborated the need of cactus cultivation in Kachchh region. He highlighted the importance of Cactus at Kachchh region. He gave detailed information on how cactus can be grown with minimum water requirement along with its numerous benefits to reduce the gap in fodder especially during summertime. Dr. Devi Dayal highlighted the role of CAZRI in providing farmers with the new technologies based on recent research results and farmers' needs. Spineless cactus is one of these technologies that meet the need of the farmers for green fodder to feed their animals. He emphasized on the importance of cactus as palatable feed that enhance animal intake resulting in better performance and more productivity. He indicated that cactus can be used as a mean for improving the livelihood of farmers through fruit production and other agro-industrial products.



Mr. Sachin Patel, Project Associate-ICARDA project, CAZRI-Bhuj, demonstrated the cattle cactus feeding practices through a video display. He briefed the gathering about the best agronomic practices such as plant spacing, row spacing, plant requirements and best planting time.

Dr. Ram Niwas, SMS-KVK, CAZRI-Bhuj gave a brief talk about possibility of using cactus in different farming systems such as horticulture intercropping. He gave different scenarios to introduce cactus in the current farming systems in the area.







Mr. Veerji Bhai is one of the farmers who planted cactus in his farm shared his experience. He mentioned that due to the water scarcity he was looking for a plant with high WUE that tolerate drought and he came to know about spineless cactus as a perennial fodder plant from CAZRI, Bhuj. He introduced cactus to his farm and started feeding his cattle by mixing cactus with other fodder crops. He appraised the benefits of cactus as a fodder crop, it performs very well with minimum amount of water and it is a palatable fodder crop that supply green fodder for a long period. He was very pleased to have the opportunity to try this new fodder crop and he expressed his keen interest to continue and expand cactus plantation in his farm.

Mr. Pappu Bhai (another farmer who is growing cactus) shared his positive feedback about cactus. In addition to the points mentioned by Mr. Veerji, Mr. Bhai clearly mentioned the low establishment cost of cactus field. It is an excellent option for the local farmers due to its high palatability, growth speedy and low maintenance cost. He encouraged the farmers to grow this crop as it has wide range of advantages.



Dr. Sawsan Hassan welcomed the participants and addressed them about ICARDA's mission as an international organization that conduct research for development in the dry areas. She mentioned that ICARDA in collaboration with ICAR is working to promote cactus as multiple purpose crop. She mentioned the importance of cactus for human, animal and soil heath improvement. She briefly explained the best management practices and requirements for optimal growth. Dr. Sawsan mentioned that cactus planation is expanding in many states across India and most of the farmers are enthusiastic to develop cactus cultivation further primarily for animal feed.









The event concluded with the vote of thanks from the principal investigator of the cactus project, Dr. Anandkumar Naorem (Soil Scientist). He added that a total of 64 accessions/varieties of spineless cactus have been maintained and evaluated at CAZRI farm, Kukma. Out of these 64 accessions, 5 accessions are being distributed to local farmers of Kachchh region, based on their growth and yield of green fodder in the dry climate of Kachchh. The main feature of these accessions is their spineless characteristics which makes it easy to handle and to feed animals. He also mentioned that some accessions have produced fruits that are nutritious and tasty.



After that all participates were invited to visit demonstration field of cactus where 800 cactus plants are successfully grown by prominent farmer. During the field visit, general discussion was made where all participants including farmers were able to ask questions, forward comments and suggest on how cactus can be scaled up in the future. The major issues raised by the participants were how to grow cactus, how many cladodes can be produced by plant, how is the best way to utilize it for animal feed. There were many questions regarding irrigation need of cactus since Kachchh is a dry region, the answer was provided by the farmer who planted cactus that one irrigation per month would be enough for better growth. Dr. Sawsan Hassan not only took the feedbacks and the opinion of the farmers present in the event but also added more information on cactus cultivation and answered all the inquires of the farmers. The farmers were happy to see the growth of cactus at farmers' field and ready to accept the cactus as fodder crop.







research program on Livestock

They also wanted the receive information about from where they can get cactus cladodes to plant in their farm. The participants have also tasted the cactus sabzi prepared by Miss Meera Vaishnav, JRF-CAZRI, Bhuj, they were amazed with the crunchy taste of it, as they never tried cactus "Sabzi" before in their whole life. Farmers asked how to get the recipe for Cactus "Sabzi".











Overall, the farmers were excited at the end of the field day. They mentioned that they were especially pleased with the fact that they had learnt about a new crop and farming techniques. Farmers requested the project to expand cactus dissemination to reach more farmers.

This event was covered by the local newspaper.



કાઝરી આયોજિત કાર્યક્રમમાં કાંટા વગરના ઘોરનું નિરીક્ષણ કરી રહેલાં જોર્ડનથી આવેલાં મહિલા તજજ્ઞ ડો. હસાન સ્વાસન, તેમની સાથે કાઝરીના પૂર્વ વડા સહિતના મહેમાનો નજરે પડે છે.

કાટા વગરના થ

હતો. તેમશે કહ્યું કે આ વિશિષ્ટ થોર કચ્છની સૂકી હવામાં આસાનીથી ઊગી શકતો હોવા ઉપરાંત પશુ આહાર માટે પશ યોગ્ય છે.

થોર ઉગાડનારા ખેડૂતો વીરજીભાઈ અને પપ્પુભાઈએ આ પાકને ઉગાડવા અંગેની પૂરક વિગતો આપી હતી. કાઝરીના મીરા વૈશ્વવે થોરના શાકનું નિદર્શન આપ્યું હતું. ડો. રામનિવાસ સિંહે કઈ રીતે થોરને આંતરપાક તરીકે લઈ શકાય તેનું માર્ગદર્શન આપ્યું હતું. સચિન આપવાની પદ્ધતિ વર્શવી હતી. ડો.આનંદકુમાર

રહેલા જોર્ડનની સંસ્થા 'ઈકાર્ડા'ના અપનાવવા યોગ્ય પાક લેખાવ્યો આંતરરાષ્ટીય પ્રતિનિધિ ડો. હસન સ્વાસને ઉપસ્થિત કિસાનો

'કાઝરી' દ્વારા 'કેકટસ કિલ્ડ ડે' : જોડેનથી આવેલા મહિલા તજજ્ઞે ખેડૂતોને શીખવી થોર ઉછેર પદ્ધતિ

પાસેથી મંતવ્યો જ નહોતાં લીધાં બલ્કે થોરના પાકને લઈને વિશેષ માહિતી પણ પૂરી પાડી હતી.

કાઝરીના કુકમા કેન્દ્રના નવનિયુક્ત વડા એમ. સુરેશકુમારના સ્વાગત પ્રવચન પટેલે થોરને પશુ આહારમાં બાદ કેન્દ્રના પૂર્વ વડા ડો. દેવીદયાલે કાંટા વગરના થોરને વૈજ્ઞાનિક મુખ્ય મહેમાન પદે હાજર કચ્છ માટે અનુકૂળ અને નાઓરેમેઆભારવિધિ કરી હતી.

આબોહવાની સાથે સરળતાથી ઉછરી શકે તેવો મૂળ સીરિયાનો કાંટા વગરનો થોર હવે જિલ્લામાં પોતાની ઓળખ મેળવતો જાય છે પરંતુ હજુ જોઈએ તેવો તેનો પ્રસાર થાય તો પશુધનને ઉચ્ચ ગુશવત્તાના આહારની સાથે પર્યાવરશાનું સંરક્ષણ પણ થઈ શકે છે એમ કેન્દ્રીય શુષ્ક વિસ્તાર અનુસંધાન કેન્દ્ર (કાઝરી)ના પ્રાદેશિક સંશોધન કેન્દ્ર કુકમા દારા આયોજિત 'કેક્ટસ ફિલ્ડ ડે'માં વૈજ્ઞાનિકો, તજજ્ઞોએ જશાવ્યું હતું. મુંદરા તાલુકાના હટડી ગામે આયોજિત આ કાર્યક્રમમાં ૬૬ મહિલા ખેડૂતો સહિત ૧૧૫ કિસાનોએ ભાગ લીધો હતો.

ભુજ, તા. ૧૭ ઃ કચ્છની

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Appendix 1: List of Participants in the field day

Personal information including Name, Business Title, Email, Phones, Images and GPS points included in this report have been authorized in writing or verbally by the data subject.







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Established in 1977, the International enter for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA) is a non-profit, GIAR Research Center that focusses on delivering innovati e solutions or sustainable agricultural development in the non-tropical dry areas of the developing world. We provide innovati e, science-based solution to improve the livelihoods and resilience of resource-poor smallholder farmers. We do this through strategic partnerships, linking research to development, and capacity development, and by taking into account gender equality and the role of youth in transforming the non-tropical dry areas. **www.icarda.org**



CGIAR is a global research partnership for a food-secure future. CGIAR science is dedicated to reducing poverty, enhancing food and nutrition securit, and improving natural resources and ecosystem services. Its research is carried out by 15 CGIAR centers in close collaboration with hundreds of partners, including national and egional research institutes, civil society organizations, academia, d velopment organizations and the private sector.