



















# DryArc – Australia Dialogue

Accelerating Knowledge Sharing on Global Dryland Solutions For systems transformation

Murat Sartas (PhD.)<sup>1,2,3</sup>

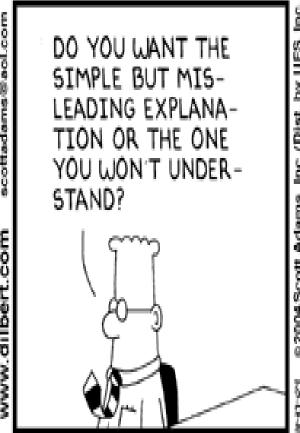
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA) - Central Africa Hub, Rwanda

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA): MEL Team, Uzbekistan

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Wageningen University & Research (WUR) - Knowledge Technology and Innovation Team, Netherlands

### **System Transformation**







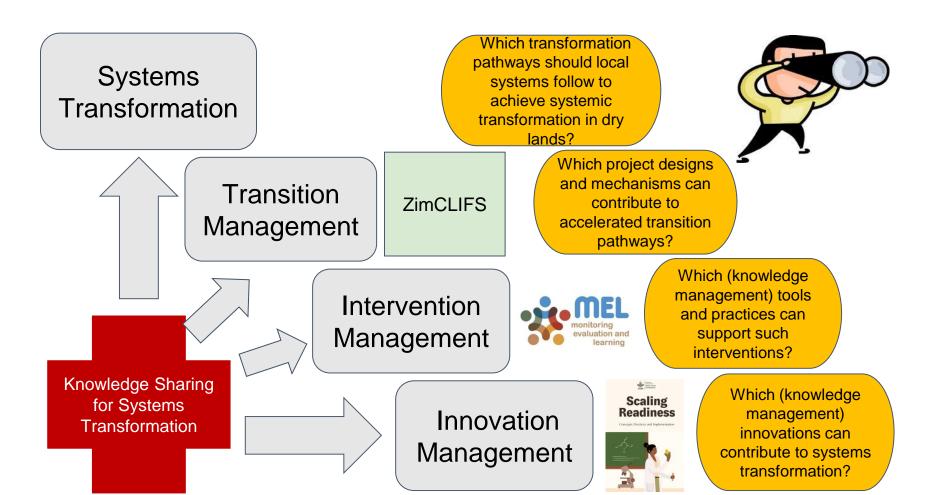
© UFS, Inc.

### **System Transformation**





### **System Transformation in Perspective**



### Dryland Systems Program as a case of Systems Transformation

#### A coherent set of diverse innovations for the right context

- constructing trenches and bunds to halt erosion;
- promoting intercropping with pigeonpea to intensify the cropping system;
- introducing improved varieties of maize, wheat and beans to improve profitability;
- harvesting and using rainwater for irrigation
- facilitating linkages with a microfinance institution to improve access to input materials and buffer against climate change impacts;
- improving livestock breeding and feeding techniques to boost incomes;
- strengthening management of community land resources

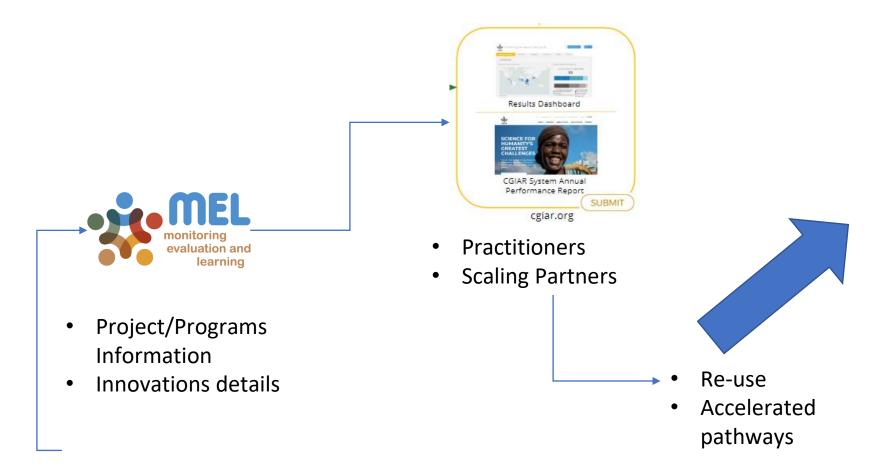


### ZimCLIFS Project as an example of Transition Management

- Innovation platforms can be instrumental mechanisms for managing transitions
- Cross-sector collaboration provide new opportunities



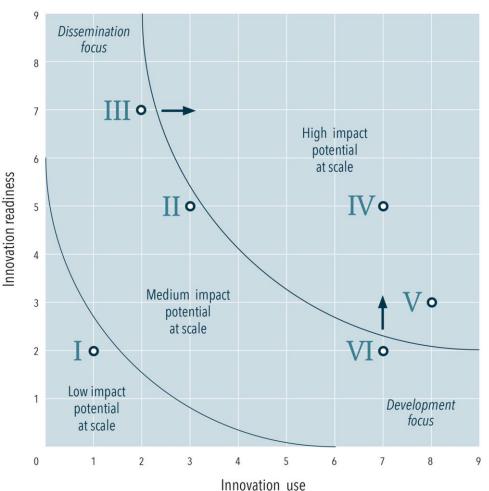
## CGIAR MEL as an Intervention Management Instrument



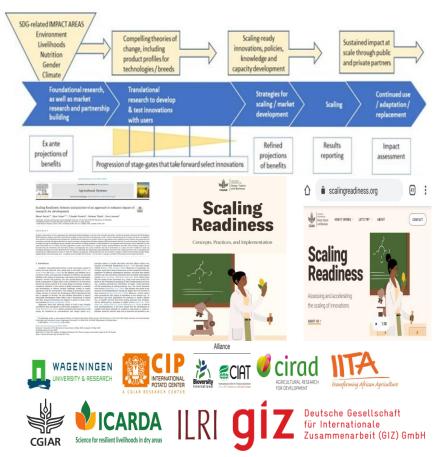
## Scaling Readiness as a tool for innovation management

#### Multiple Innovation Packages

Time: Year - Quarter / Space: Country - Site / Goal: SDG - Indicator



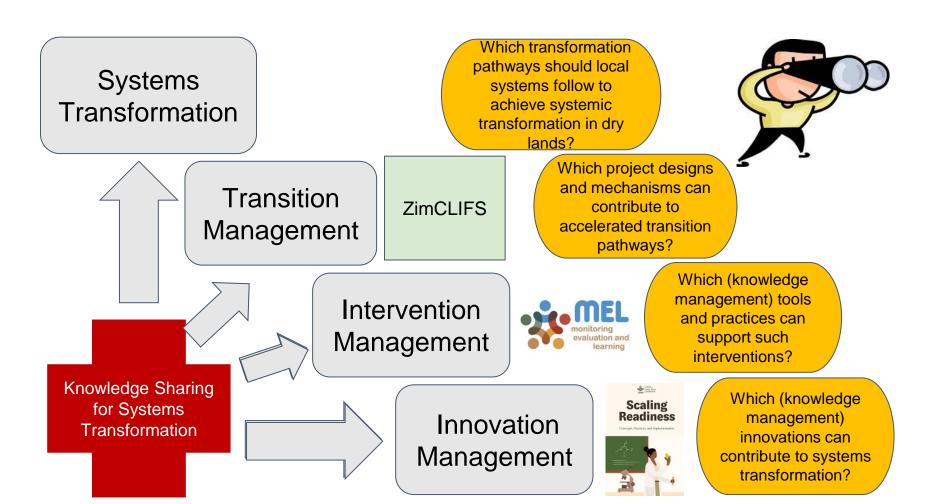
**Figure 4.** CGIAR role as a strategic partner in innovation systems (maximizing learning and strategic adjustments via a performance and results management system)



### Research for Development Questions on systems transformation

- RQ1: Which transformation pathways should local systems follow to achieve systemic transformation in dry lands?
- RQ2: Which project designs and mechanisms can contribute to accelerating transition pathways?
- RQ3: Which (knowledge management) tools and practices can support such interventions?
- RQ4: Which (knowledge management) innovations can contribute to systems transformation?

### **System Transformation in Perspective**



### **Next steps**

- CGIAR effort on Country collaboration (hubs in Tag 5) is a starting point to boost local systems in adopting transformational pathways
- Study project/program data available through Management Information Systems (e.g. MEL, MARLO) and Dashboard to assess those processes having accelerated transitional pathways
- Assess existing innovations for their contribution to system transformation using complexity sensitive approaches (Scaling Readiness)





### Thank you!

**Murat Sartas (PhD.)** 

murat.sartas@gmail.com

For Full Presentation Click Here









