



Building resilient agroecosystems for sustainable future

Delivery FAIR Impact in agricultural and Food Security



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Berlin, Germany

Sustainable Food and Future



Increased land, water and system productivity while safe guarding the environmental flows and ecosystem services

- more crop per drop -water focus
- in a inch of land and a bunch of crop -multi dimensions
-integrated systems

Knowledge based prioritization (space & time) for better strategy for investment, intervention, implementation and impact

Ecological intensification

Target specific interventions

Bridging the gaps

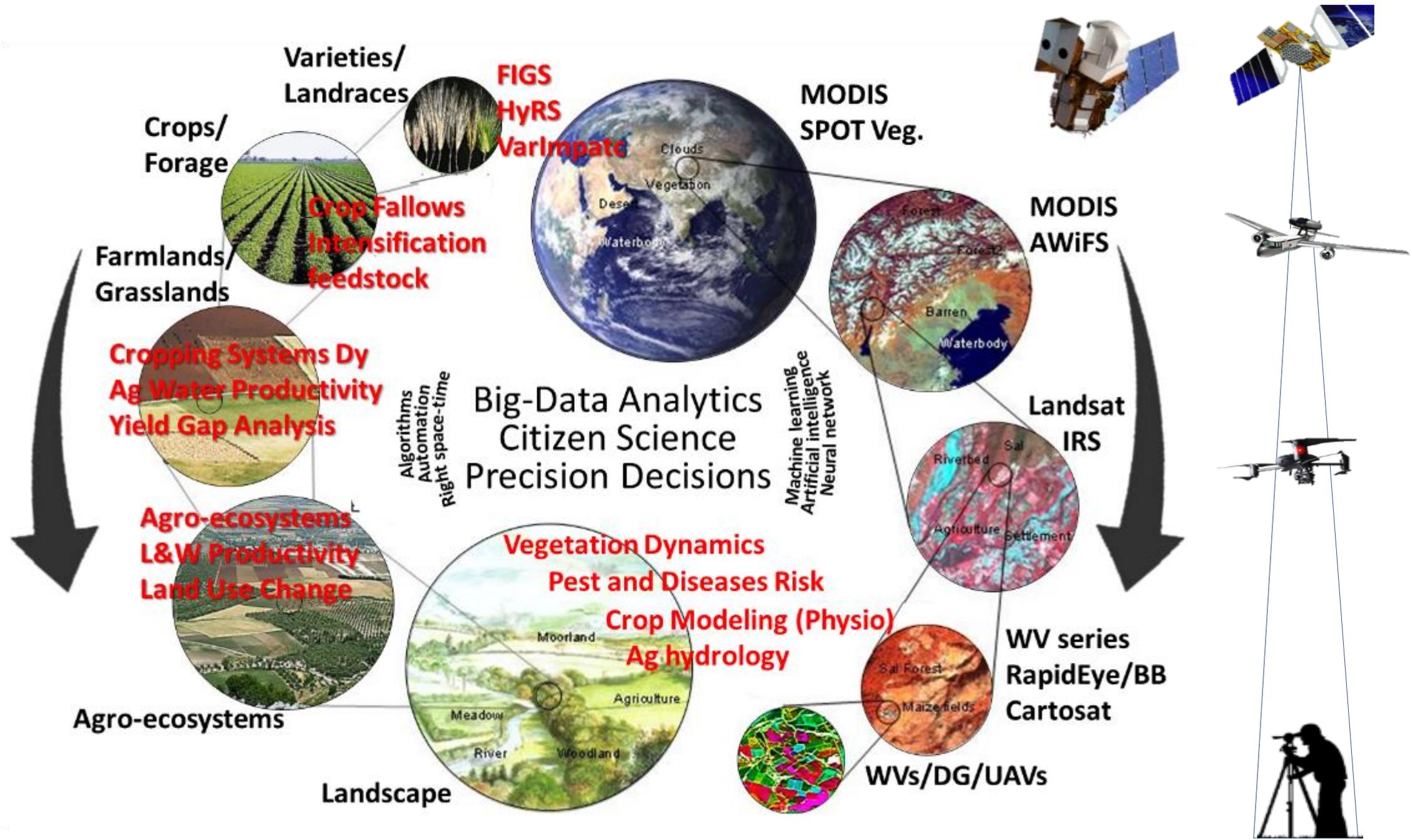
Inputs use efficiency

Agricultural policy

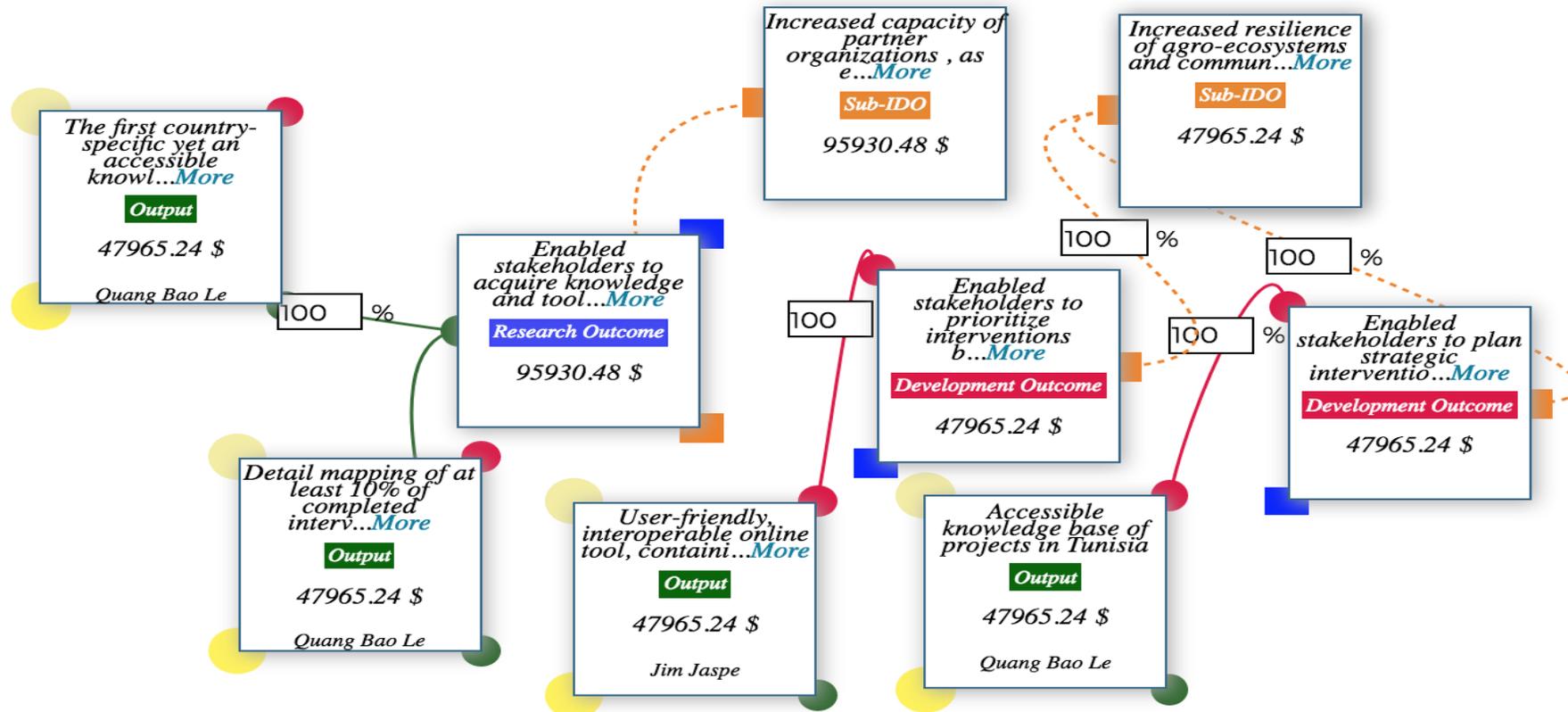
Halt degradation

Technology scaling

- food and nutritional security
- resilience and risk reduction
- agro-ecosystem sustainability
- adaption and mitigation
- citizen science and collective actions
- trade, social security and stability



Impact Pathways: Frameworks for Accountability

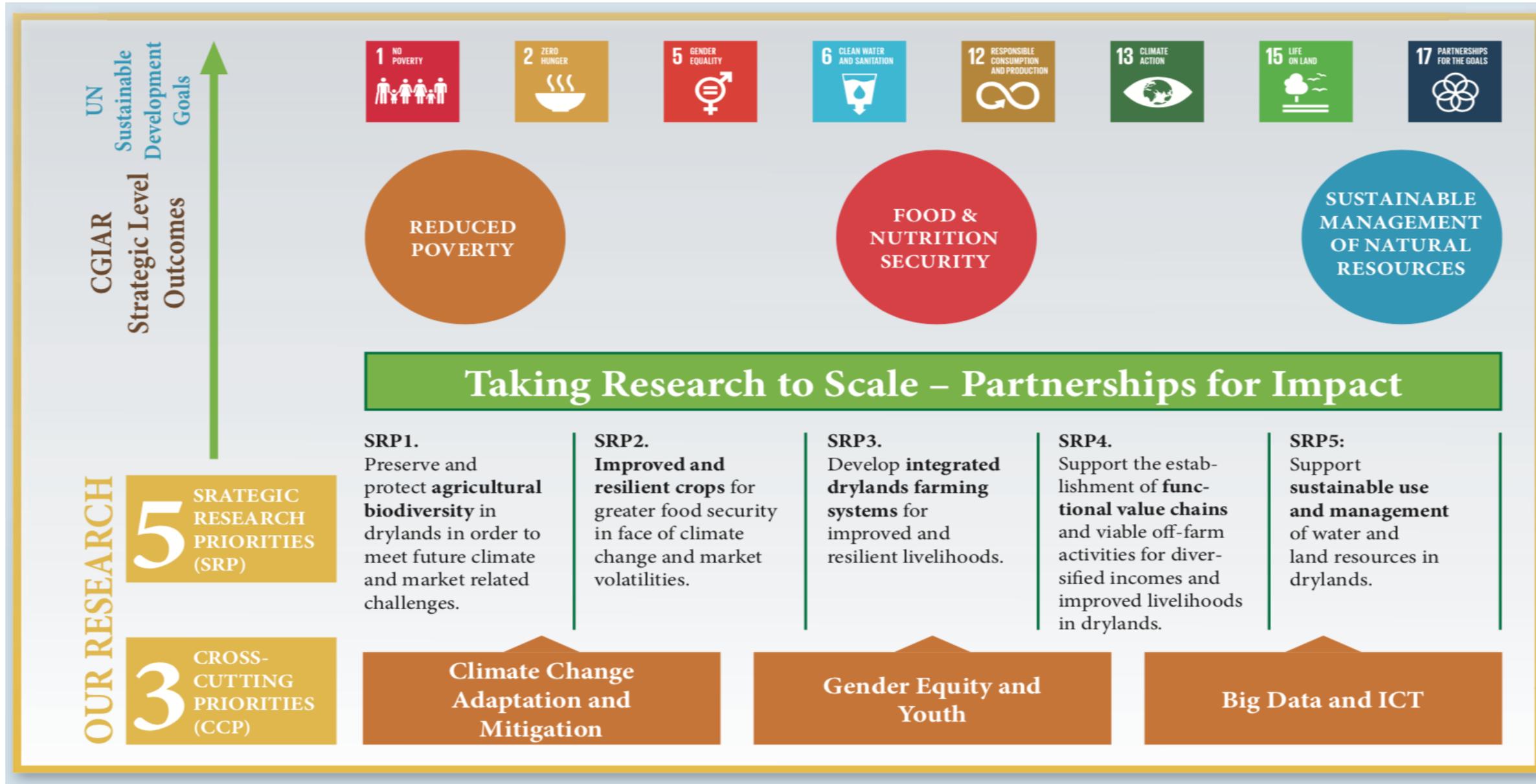


Keyword(s) *

drylands soil wheat

The list is provided by [AGROVOC Web Service](#). You can add new subjects by typing or copy & paste them from another source, if comma separated. All new, non-AGROVOC subjects are coloured in green: please ensure these are coherent with the knowledge reported.

BigData: a Priority at Institutional Level



Interoperability Network: Sustainability through Partners



HIGHCHARTS



DSPACE



MEL
monitoring
evaluation and
learning

The
Dataverse
Project



ORCID
Connecting Research
and Researchers



AIMS

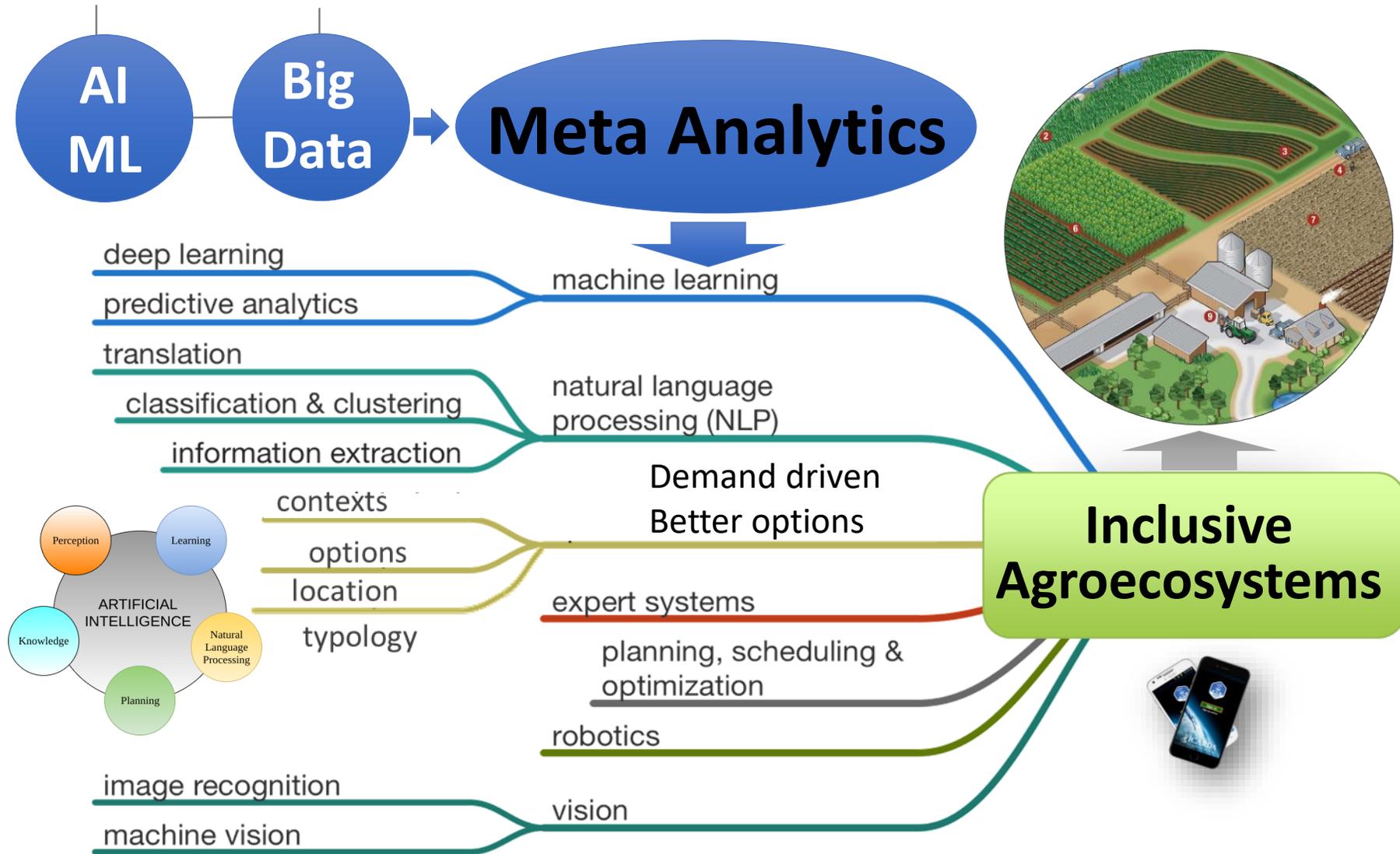


flickr

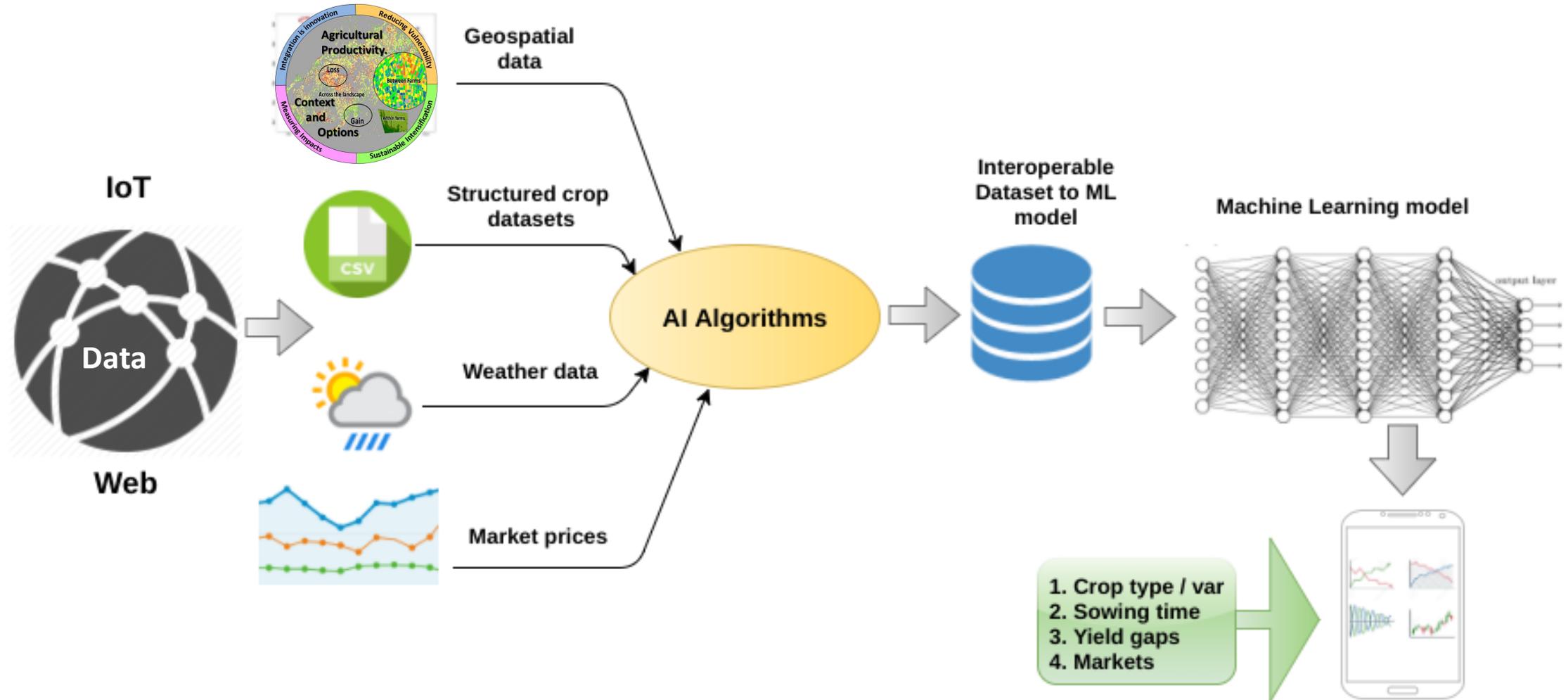
SHERPA
RoMEO

Interoperability of Data for Better Decisions

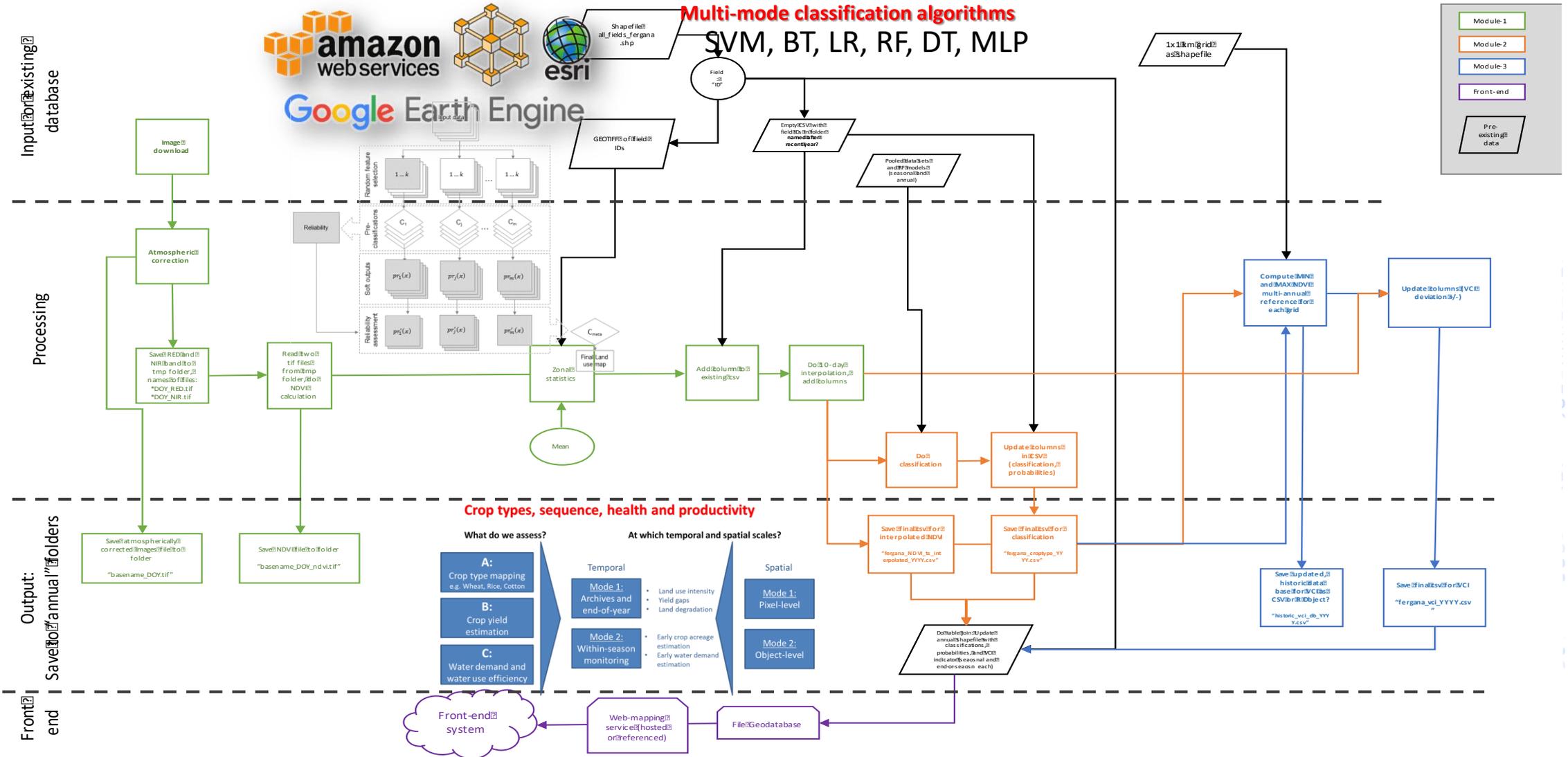
AI-ML-BigData @ genetics, chemistry, weather, agronomies, trade...



Big-data, Machine Learning and AI algorithms



Big-data, Machine Learning and AI algorithms



Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning (MEL) Platform – Case 1

MEL is an online platform for integrated management, monitoring, and reporting of projects, from planning to budgeting, risks assessment, knowledge sharing. <https://mel.cgiar.org>



Keywords maintenance and intelligence

+ AGROVOC Export Subjects

10 records Search:

ID	Keyword	Type	Language	Usage Count	Actions
39	climate change			335	
20466	news update			311	
22941	durum wheat			273	
33	capacity development			269	
22678	sun pest			236	

1. Harvesting
2. Editing
3. AGROVOC Matching
4. Assigning
5. Splitting
6. Frequency and use analysis
7. Synchronizing
8. Depositing

Orange-fleshed sweetpotato Southeast Asia South Asia Diversity hotspots
 Potato genetic diversity Participatory mapping Vitamin A
 Phytophthora infestans Life-table parameters La Libertad
 True seed Late Blight **Potatoes** 65 occurrences (AGROVOC) Potatoes Pest risk assessment
 Longevity Reproduction Red listing
 Non-linear equation Yield Development time
 Temperature-Dependent Phenology Model Geographic information systems
 Genotype environment interaction Heat tolerance

Network Analysis for Impacts

SDG(s)



Keyword(s) *

drylands soil wheat

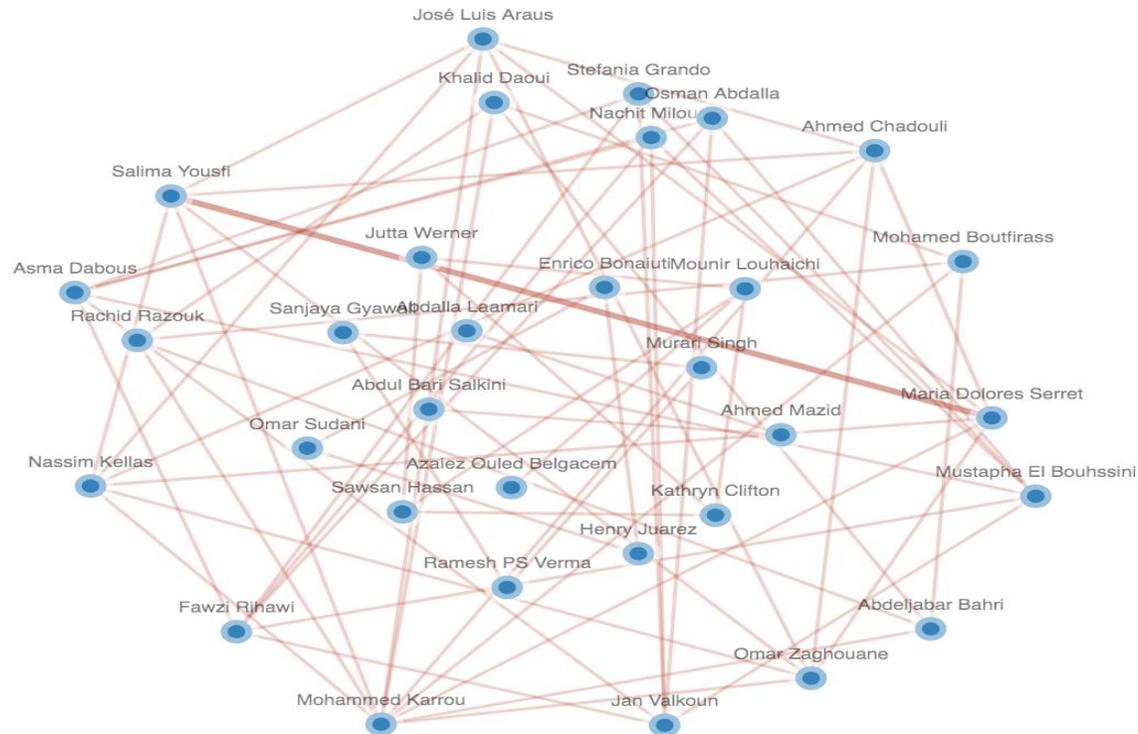


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Authors: 3172,3675

Number of publications for Salima Yousfi and Maria Dolores Serret together : 1

• <http://hdl.handle.net/20.500.11766/3565>



Geo-Informatics Option by Context (GEOC) – Case 2

LOGIN TO YOUR ACCOUNT

The Global Geo-informatics Context and Options (GeCO) is a new web-based GIS tool that enables its users to define, monitor, assess and co-create knowledge and learning on relevant Sustainable Land Management (SLM) options that match the social-ecological context at global, regional and national scales.

The GeOC tool aims to support the implementation of SLM practices by the local international communities by providing



System-based Options by Context

Filter Options

Region
Africa

Sub-Region
Eastern Africa

Search country...

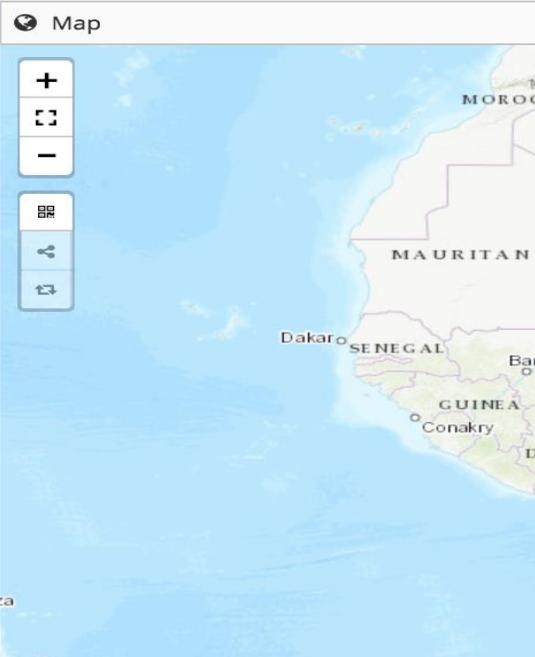
- Burundi
- Comoros
- Djibouti
- Eritrea
- Ethiopia
- Kenya
- Madagascar

Select all Deselect all

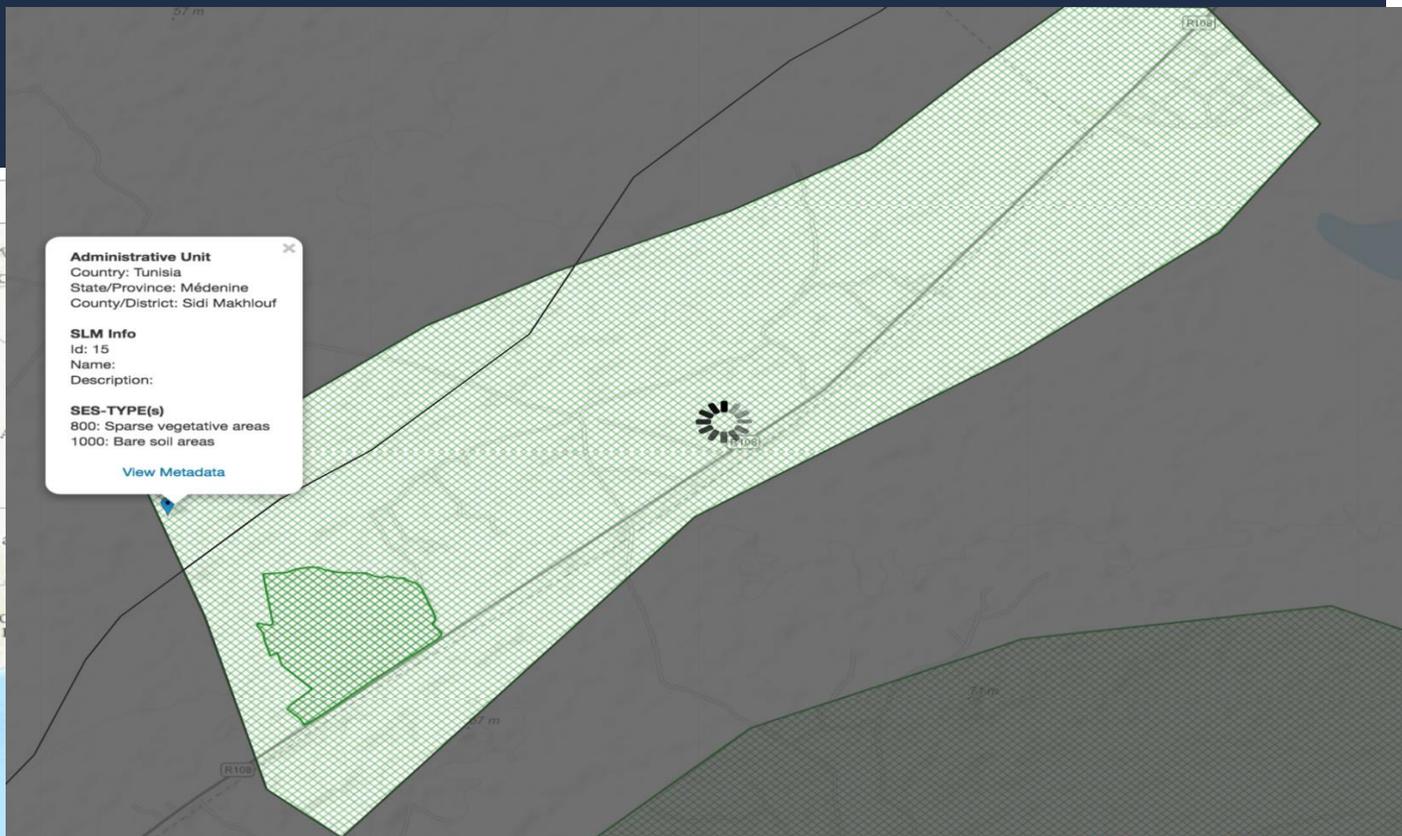
Theme
Outcome-Impact Databa...

Context/Driver's Database
Outcome-Impact Database

Map



Map navigation controls: +, -, Full Screen, Layers, Refresh

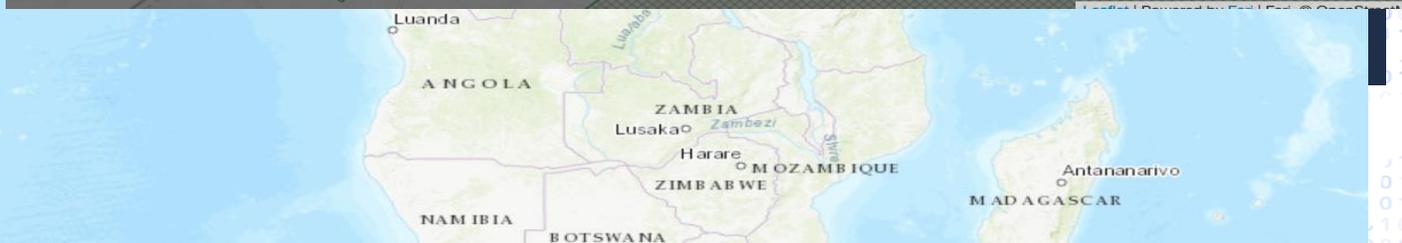


Administrative Unit
Country: Tunisia
State/Province: Médenine
County/District: Sidl Makhlouf

SLM Info
Id: 15
Name:
Description:

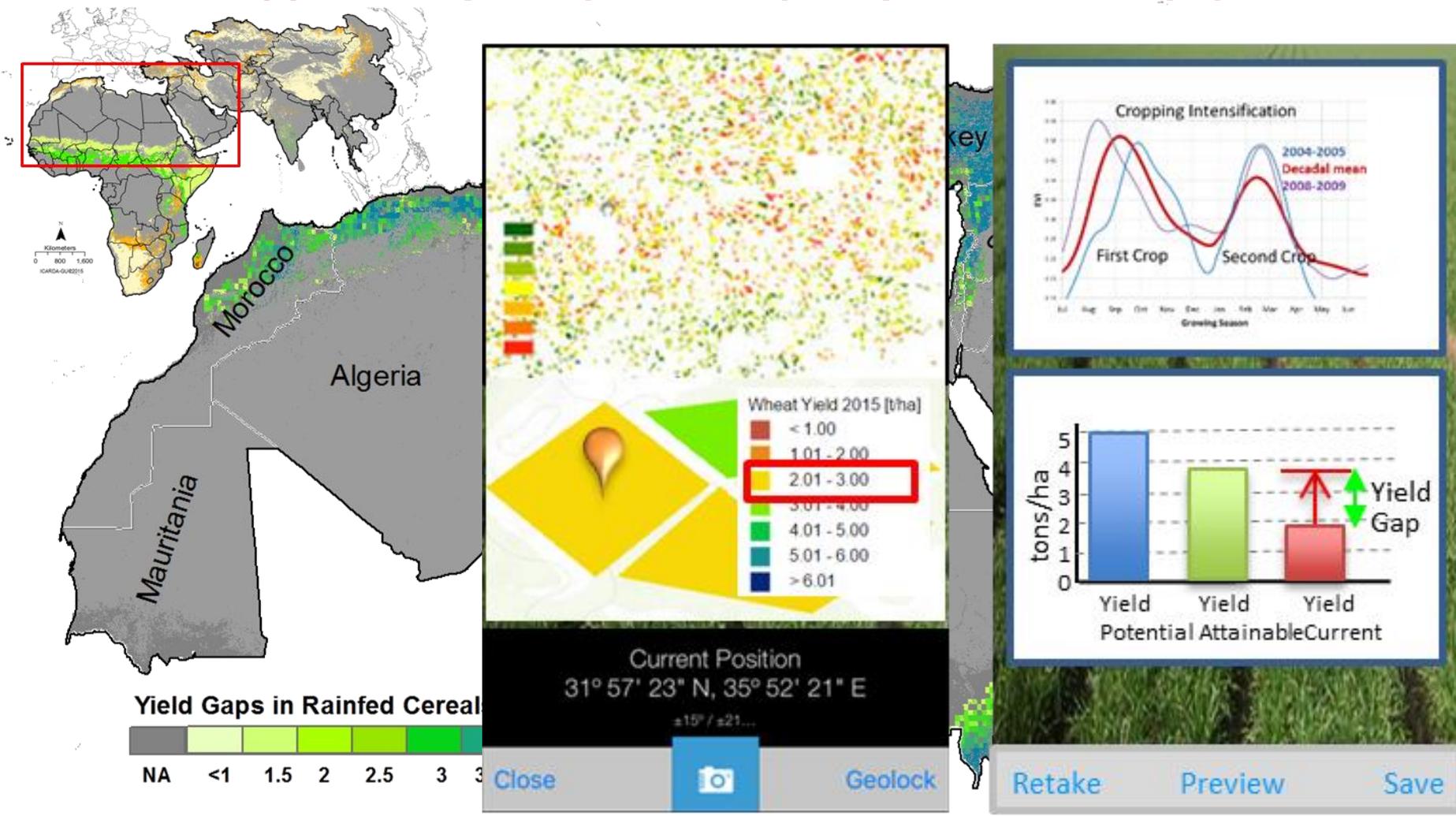
SES-TYPE(s)
800: Sparse vegetative areas
1000: Bare soil areas

[View Metadata](#)



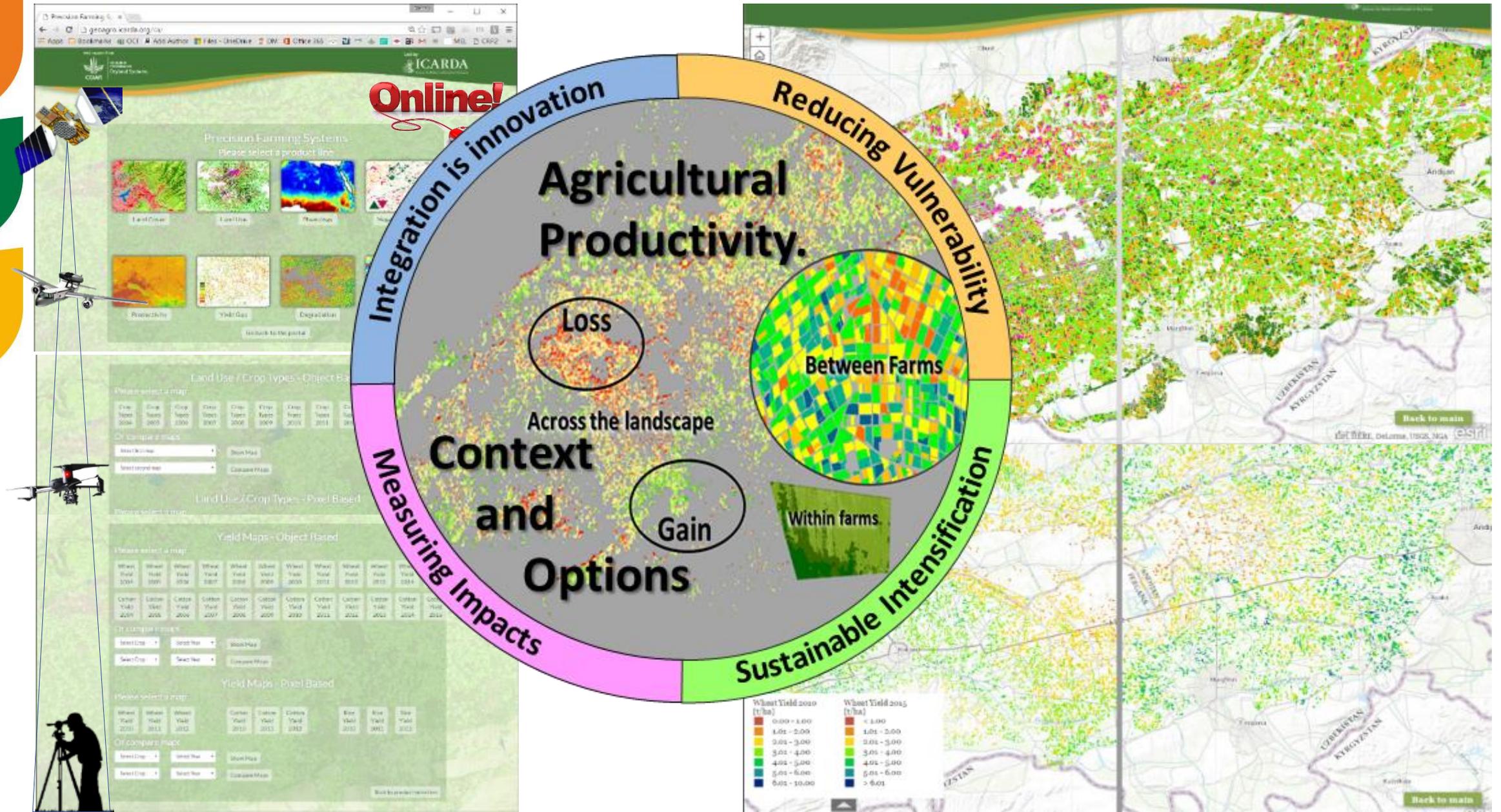
Bridging the Gaps @ multiple-scales – Case 3

data, knowledge, productivity, resilience



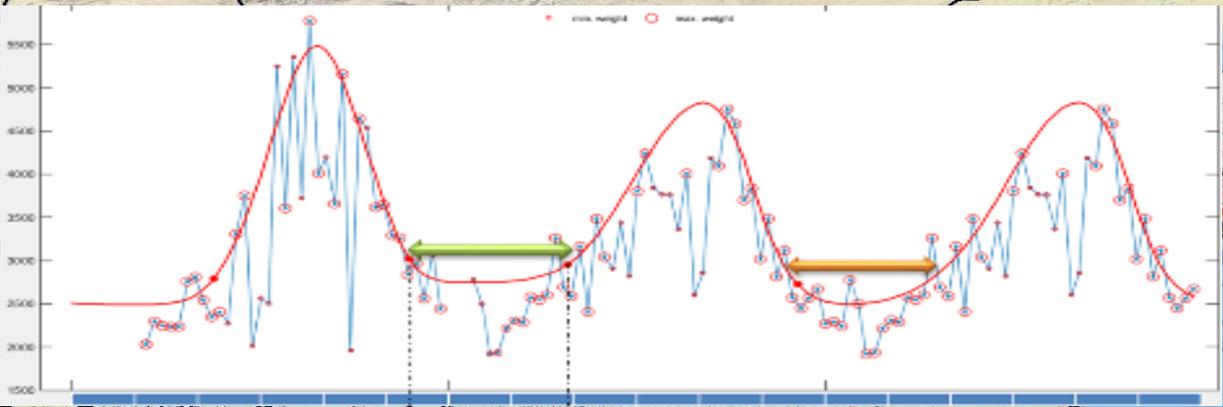
Quantification of Farming Systems @ multiple-scales

Digital Ag Platform

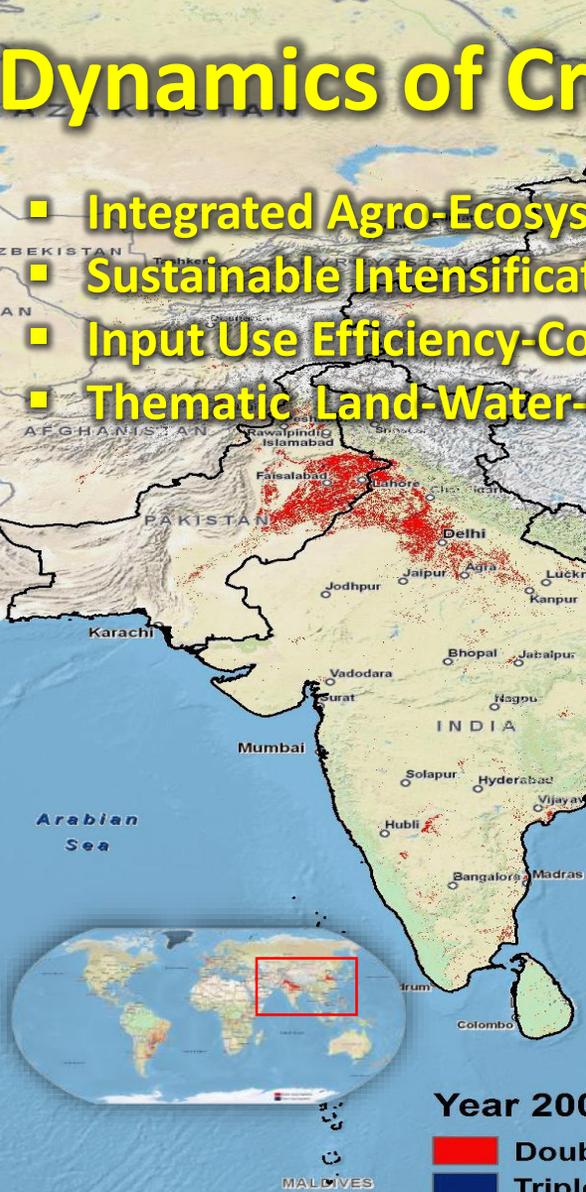
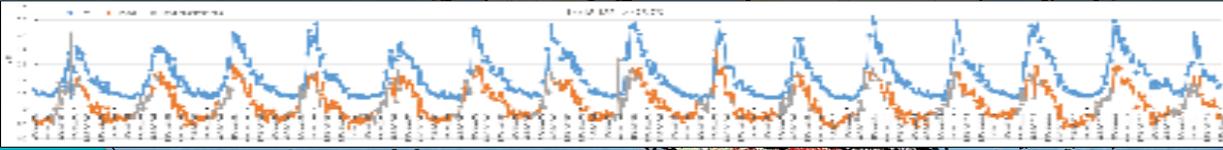
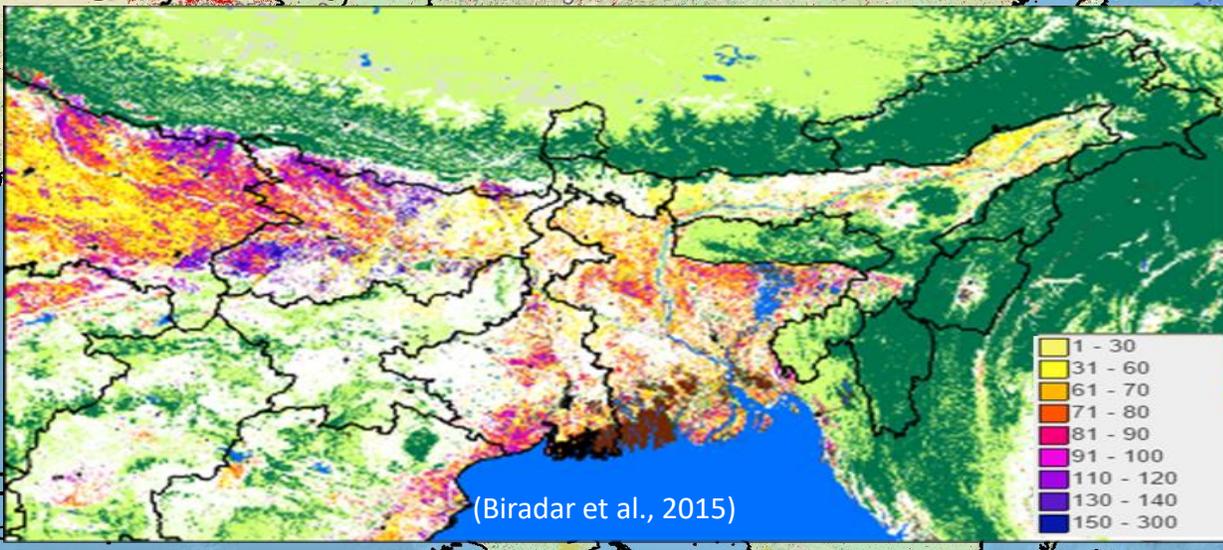
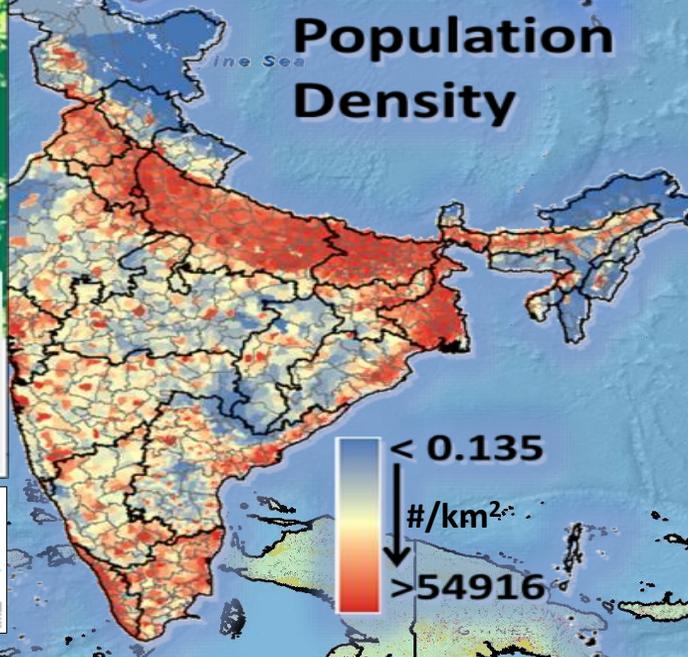
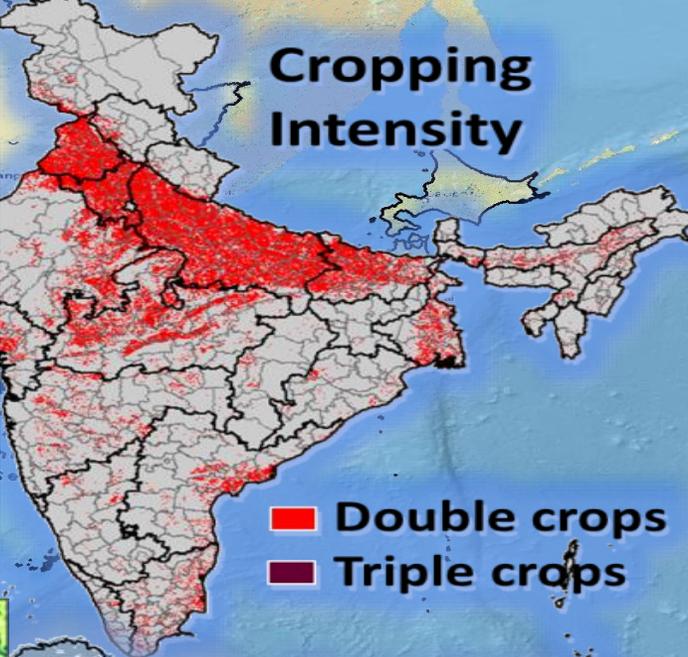


Dynamics of Cropping Systems

- Integrated Agro-Ecosystems
- Sustainable Intensification
- Input Use Efficiency-Cost
- Thematic Land-Water-Soil



Length of the crop fallows, start-date, end-date



Year 2000

- Double
- Triple

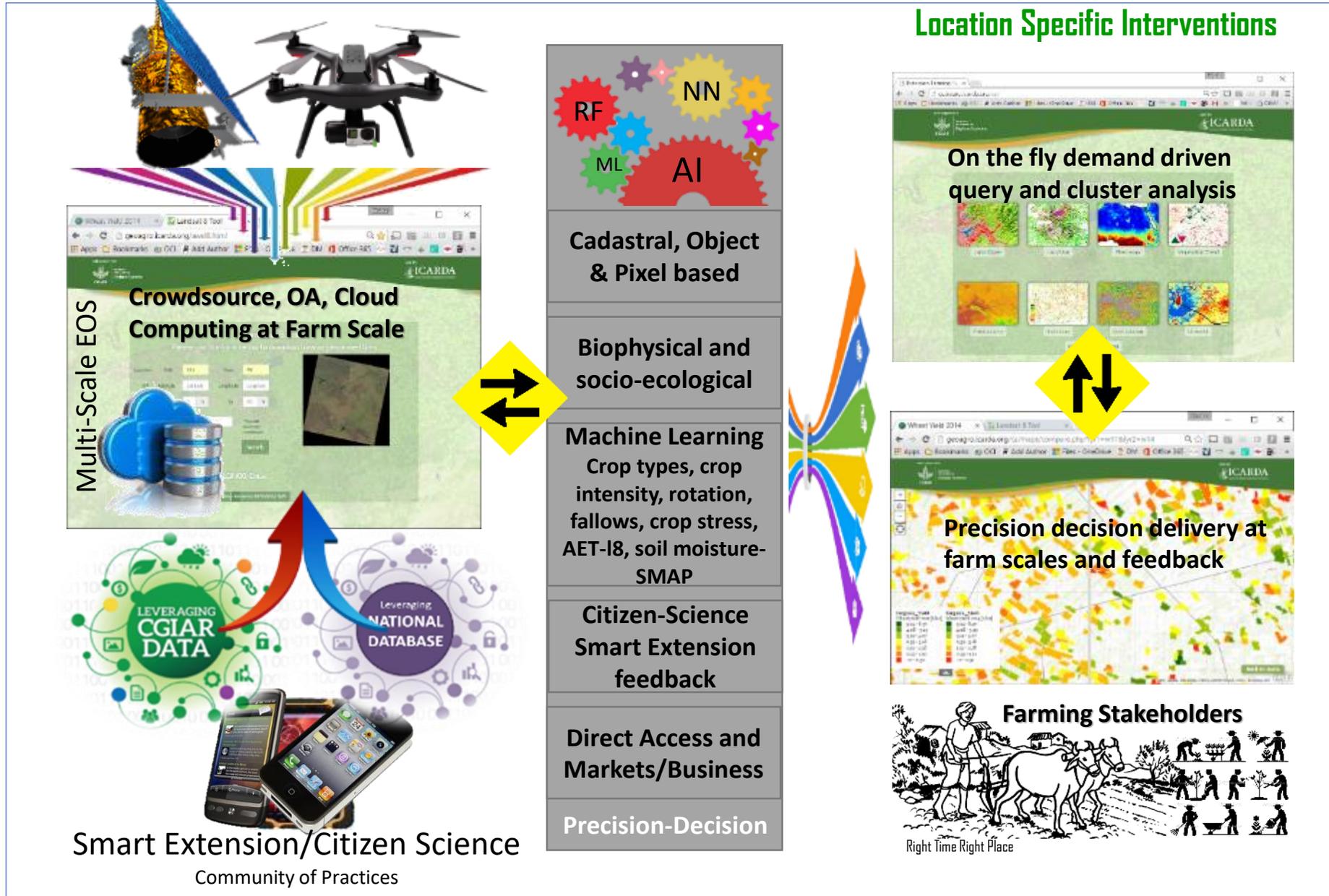
Agricultural Intensification



Increase in Arable Land

Platform for Inclusive Agroecosystems

EOS based , target specific,
open source precision
decisions at farm scales

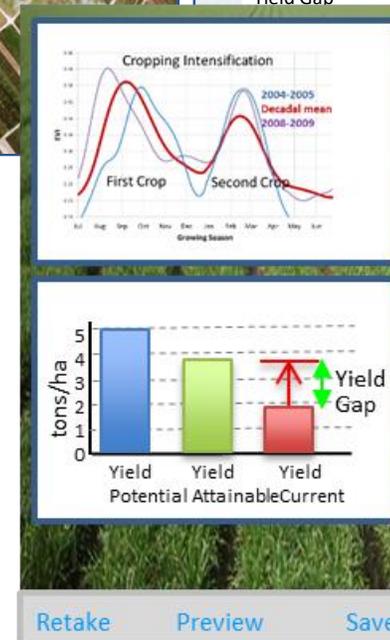
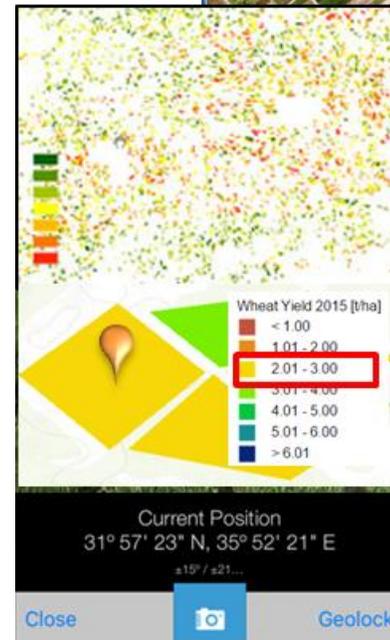
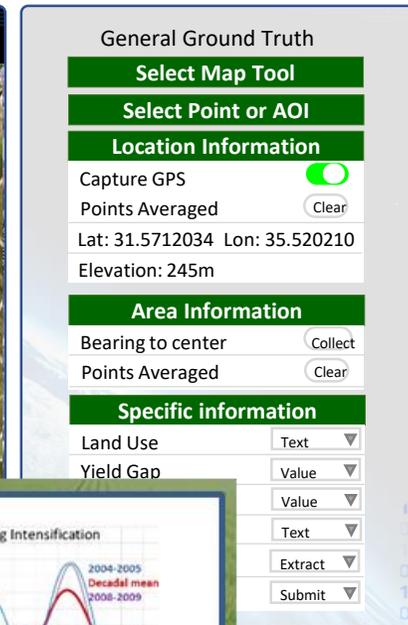
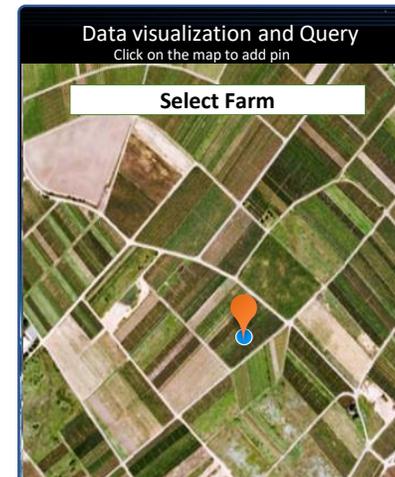


Citizen Science, Field Data Collection and Feedback

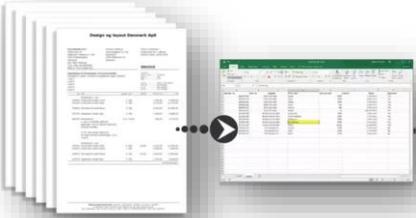


In Beta Testing

- Citizen Science
- Crop Type
- Crop Suitability
- Yield Forecasting
- Pest Risk
- Real-time Advisory
- Field Data
- Yield Gaps
- Droughts/floods
- Crop Stress
- Water use
- Real-time AET



Open Data Kits (ODK)



Survey Design

1. Design the survey template in the office

2. Upload survey template to the ODK cloud server

3. Download survey template to mobile device



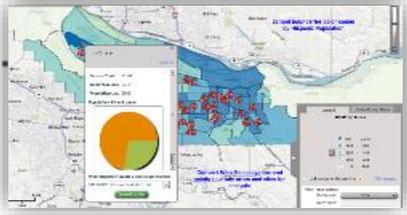
6. Download and analyse the data sets

5. Send completed survey data to the ODK cloud server

4. Undertake survey data collection in the field



Survey Collection



in an inch of land and bunch of crop



Thank You

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Delivery FAIR Impact in agricultural and Food Security



View/Open

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Metadata

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Open access

In recent years research and development organizations have aligned with donors and own frameworks for accountability. Such frameworks have embedded indicators to ensure the measurement of impacts. However, the availability of impact information on different repositories has not been informed by FAIR principles. Learning from available information is becoming more challenging, while knowledge of existing data is in the hands of few individuals in each Organization. Machine learning and artificial intelligence initiatives are trying to address such gaps and limitations. In the last five years, The International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA) has worked to interoperate internally available resources under the umbrella of the BIGDATA and ICT context, which is defined in its 2017-2026 strategy. As main pillar, the process has involved the analysis of existing metadata elements both as direct and indirect sources. The identified schemas and lists have allowed the team to design internal interoperable protocols in order to share information among different departments and units. The process to ensure findability and accessibility of historical information is hard to achieve when resources are allocated to deliver new products rather than curating and adding value to existing data. Nevertheless, ICARDA is committed to ensure that historical information in its mandated regions and agro-ecological zones is re-used to ensure better modeling, projecting and targeting of interventions related to agriculture and food security. One immediate solution would be to rely on Geo-informatics science and Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning (MEL) system, which may enable the gathering and processing of historical data to inform decision makers on targeted investments. This approach goes beyond basic productivity indicators, while embedding dynamic metrics in the areas of socio-economics and environment. Alignment with the SDG process along with defined indicators will ensure the delivery of FAIR impacts.

URI

<http://hdl.handle.net/20.500.11766/8122>

Collections

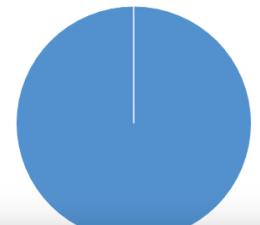
ICARDA [2468]

Partners



Last 6 months		
Country	Views	Downloads
Germany	1	0

All time



<http://hdl.handle.net/20.500.11766/8122>